

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

UNIVERSAL INDUSTRIES, INC.



### 1. Identification

Product identifier UFP Treated Marine Panel

Other means of identification Product end tag will be marked "Micronized Copper Azole"

Synonyms MCA-B, MCA Type B, Wood Preserved with Micronized Copper Azole

SDS number UFP-MCA-MP1

**Recommended use** Marine Grade Plywood that has been preserved with MCA.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name Universal Industries, Inc.

Address 2801 East Beltline, NE, Grand Rapids, MI 49525 USA

Telephone number 616-365-1526

**Contact person**Regulatory Compliance **Emergency Telephone**CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Number

E-mail compliance@ufpi.com

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1A

OSHA defined hazards Combustible dust

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer by inhalation. May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

**Precautionary statement** 

**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation to minimize explosion hazard. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use CO2, foam or water

spray for extinction.

Storage Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Wood Dust	N/A	> 90
Glue Solids <sup>1</sup>	N/A	4-8

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight. The product contains: Copper carbonate (CAS #

12069-69-1) and Tebuconazole (CAS # 107534-96-3) below reportable limits. <sup>1</sup>Plywood produced by others is bonded with a low-formaldehyde emitting Resorcinol glue system.

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### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately. Some

species may cause allergic respiratory reactions with asthma-like symptoms in sensitized

individuals.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water for several minutes.

> Prolonged contact with treated wood and/or treated wood dust, especially when freshly treated at the plant, may cause irritation to the skin. Abrasive handling or rubbing of the treated wood may increase skin irritation. Some wood species, regardless of treatment, may cause dermatitis or allergic skin reactions in sensitized individuals. In case of rashes, wounds or other skin disorders:

Wood dust: May cause nasal dryness, irritation and mucostasis. Coughing, wheezing, sneezing, sinusitis and prolonged colds have also been reported. Depending on wood species may cause

respiratory sensitization and/or irritation. Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of

the cornea, and tearing. May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). Airborne treated or untreated wood dust may cause nose, throat, or lung irritation and other respiratory effects.

Seek medical attention and bring along these instructions.

Do not rub eye. Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and Eye contact

open eyelids wide apart. If irritation persists get medical attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Most important

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate

**General information** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

medical attention and special treatment needed

protect themselves.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Carbon dioxide, regular foam, dry chemical, water spray, or water fog.

Water jet.

Treat symptomatically.

Depending on moisture content, and more importantly, particle diameter and airborne concentration, wood dust in a contained area may explode in the presence of an ignition source. Wood dust may similarly deflagrate (combustion without detonation like an explosion) if ignited in an open or loosely contained area. An airborne concentration of 40 grams (40,000 mg) of dust per cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dusts. Reference NFPA Standards- 654 and 664 for guidance.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions. protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Avoid generation and spreading of dust. Avoid spread of dust. Avoid inhalation of dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Sweep or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. If not possible, gently moisten dust before it is collected with shovel, broom or the like. Containers must be labeled. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

For good industrial practice avoid release to the environment. **Environmental precautions** 

### 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of dust. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not smoke. Change contaminated clothing. Do not burn preserved wood. Do not use preserved wood as Mulch. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

ComponentsTypeValueFormWood Dust (CAS N/A)PEL5 mg/m3Respirable dust.15 mg/m3Total fraction.

**ACGIH** 

ComponentsTypeValueFormWood Dust (CAS N/A)TWA1 mg/m3Inhalable fraction.

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards** 

 Components
 Type
 Value
 Form

 Wood Dust (CAS N/A)
 TWA
 1 mg/m3
 Dust.

**Biological limit values**No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Provide sufficient general/local exhaust ventilation to maintain inhalation exposures below

current exposure limits and areas below explosive dust concentrations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles when sawing or cutting.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** When handling wood, wear leather or fabric gloves.

Other Wear normal work clothes and safety shoes.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH–approved respirator if there is a potential for exposure to dust exceeding exposure limits (See 29 CRF 1910.134,

respiratory protection standard).

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

If wood dust contacts the skin, workers should wash the affected areas with soap and water. Clothing contaminated with wood dust should be removed, and provisions should be made for the safe removal of the chemical from the clothing. Persons laundering the clothes should be informed of the hazardous properties of wood dust. A worker who handles wood dust should thoroughly wash hands, forearms, and face with soap and water before eating, using tobacco products, using toilet facilities, applying cosmetics, or taking medication. Workers should not eat, drink, use tobacco products, apply cosmetics, or take medication in areas where wood dust is handled,

or processed. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Solid.

Form Solid. Chips. Dust.
Color Not available.
Odor No odor.
Odor threshold Not applicable.
pH Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Not applicable.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas) Combustible dust.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower N

Not available.

(%)

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Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%)

Not available. Not available. Explosive limit - upper (%)

Vapor pressure Not applicable. Not applicable. Vapor density Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available. Solubility (water) Partition coefficient Not applicable.

(n-octanol/water)

**Auto-ignition** temperature Decomposition temperature **Viscosity** 

available. Not Not available. Not applicable.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Stable at normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous reactions do not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Minimize dust generation and

accumulation. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents. Reducing agents. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

During combustion: Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Aliphatic aldehydes. Polycyclic

aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Wood dust, treated or untreated, is irritating to the nose, throat and lungs. Prolonged or repeated

> inhalation of wood dusts may cause respiratory irritation, recurrent bronchitis and prolonged colds. Some species may cause allergic respiratory reactions with asthma-like symptoms in sensitized individuals. Prolonged exposure to wood dusts by inhalation has been reported to be

associated with nasal and paranasal cancer.

Handling may cause splinters. Prolonged contact with treated wood and/or treated wood dust, Skin contact

> especially when freshly treated at the plant, may cause irritation to the skin. Abrasive handling or rubbing of the treated wood may increase skin irritation. Some wood species, regardless of

treatment, may cause dermatitis or allergic skin reactions in sensitized individuals.

**Eve contact** Dust may irritate the eyes.

Not likely, due to the form of the product. However, ingestion of dusts generated during working Ingestion

operations may cause nausea and vomiting. Certain species of wood and their dusts may

contain natural toxins, which can have adverse effects in humans.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and

toxicological characteristics Wood dust: May cause nasal dryness, irritation and mucostasis. Coughing, wheezing, sneezing, sinusitis and prolonged colds have also been reported. Depending on wood species may cause respiratory sensitization and/or irritation. Symptoms can include irritation, redness, scratching of the cornea, and tearing. May cause eczema-like skin disorders (dermatitis). Airborne treated or untreated wood dust may cause nose, throat, or lung irritation and other respiratory effects.

## Information on toxicological effects

Not expected to be acutely toxic. **Acute toxicity** 

Skin corrosion/irritation Dust may irritate skin. Serious eye damage/eye Dust may irritate the eyes.

irritation

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Exposure to wood dusts can result in hypersensitivity,

Exposure to wood dust can result in the development of contact dermatitis. The primary irritant Skin sensitization

dermatitis resulting from skin contact with wood dusts consist of erythema, blistering, and

sometimes erosion and secondary infections occur.

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Germ cell mutagenicity No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

mutagen by OSHA.

May cause cancer by inhalation. Carcinogenicity

This classification is based on an increased incidence of nasal and paranasal cancers in people

exposed to wood dusts.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Wood Dust (CAS N/A) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Wood Dust (CAS N/A) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity -

Not classified.

repeated exposure

**Aspiration hazard** Chronic effects

Chronic exposure to wood dusts can result in pneumonitis, and coughing, wheezing, fever and the

other signs and symptoms associated with chronic bronchitis.

12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

Mobility in soil The product is insoluble in water.

Mobility in general The product is not volatile but may be spread by dust-raising handling.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Do not discharge into

drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Local disposal regulations Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste Hazardous waste code

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not discharge into drains, water

courses or onto the ground.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied.

### 14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IATA** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and Not applicable.

the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

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### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - No

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous Yes

chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

**US** state regulations

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List** 

Not regulated.

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Wood Dust (CAS N/A)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Wood Dust (CAS N/A)

**US. Rhode Island RTK** 

Not regulated.

**US. California Proposition 65** 

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Wood Dust (CAS N/A)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)\*

United States & Puerto Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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#### **Further information**

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

E - Safety Glasses, Gloves, Dust Respirator

### PERCENTAGE OF ACTIVE INGREDIENTS PER RETENTION LEVEL:

0.06 pcf:

Copper carbonate expressed as Elemental Copper 0.15% - 0.25%

Tebuconazole 0.006% - 0.01%

0.15 pcf:

Copper carbonate expressed as Elemental Copper 0.35% - 0.65%

Tebuconazole 0.01% - 0.03%

0.23 pcf:

Copper carbonate expressed as Elemental Copper 0.55% - 0.95%

Tebuconazole 0.02% - 0.05%

**HMIS®** ratings

Health: 1\* Flammability: 1 Physical hazard: 0 Personal protection: E

NFPA ratings



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